

2020 INCOME TAX RETURN

Filing Status:	Single	Married Filing Joint	Qualifying	Widow(er)1	Head of Household ²	Married Filing Separate
In year 2020 only	y: Marr	ried (date:)		Divorced (dat	te:)	
	Taxp	oayer Death (date:)	Spou	use Death (date:)
	TAX	PAYER			SPOUSE	
Name .				Name		
Occupation				Occupation		
SSN		Date of Birth_		SSN		_ Date of Birth
Home Phone		Disabled		Home Phone		Disabled
Work Phone		Blind		Work Phone		Blind
Cell Phone				Cell Phone		_
Best Time to Call				Best Time to Ca	all	_
Fax				Fax		=
Email				Email		
Address					County	y
City				State	Zip Co	de
Address on Last \	Year's Tax R	eturn (if different)			Date Address (Changed

- ¹ All of the following must apply: your spouse died in 2018 or 2019; in that year you qualified to file jointly; you did not remarry before January 1, 2021 and you paid over half the cost of maintaining your home, which was your dependent child's (or stepchild's) main home for the entire year.
- ² Must be unmarried (or considered unmarried) at the end of the tax year, and maintain a home that for more than half of the tax year is the principal home of a qualifying person (generally your child or relative). You may be considered unmarried if your spouse did not live in your home during the last six months of the tax year. If you are maintaining the household of a parent, the parent does not need to live with you to qualify.

Personal Income Tax Organizer and Deduction Finder®



CHECKLIST

Documents needed in addition to your completed organizer: All Forms W-2 (wages), 1095, 1098, and 1099 (such as 1099-INT for interest; 1099-DIV for dividends; 1099-B for sale of securities; 1099-R for annuities, pensions, IRA or other retirement plan withdrawals; 1099-G for state tax refunds, unemployment compensation, etc.; 1099-S for real estate sales; SSA-1099 for social security; 1099-K for merchant card and third-party network payments; 1099-MISC for rents, royalties, prizes, and awards, etc.; and 1099-NEC for nonemployee compensation, etc.). Include all copies.

Schedules K-1 for partnerships, S corporations, estates, or trusts. (**Note:** You do not need these documents to make your tax appointment. You can provide them at a later date.)

If you sold real estate, stock, or mutual fund shares during the year, see STEP 4.

If you acquired, sold, or refinanced a home or other property in 2020, provide a copy of the closing statement.

If you are a new client, provide copies of tax returns for the last three years.

Note: When completing your organizer, round all amounts to the nearest dollar. For married couples, questions referring to "you" generally mean you or your spouse.

	STEF	The following items may affect your tax return. Please answer carefully.
These	questi	ons pertain to calendar year 2020 unless otherwise noted.
1) Y	Ν	Did you pay or receive alimony (Tax Tip 1)? Do not include child support. (Select one.) Pay Receive
		To/From: Name Social Security Number Amount \$
		Date of original divorce or separation agreement:
2) Y	N	At any time during 2020, did you receive, sell, send, exchange, or otherwise acquire any financial interest in any virtual currency?
3) Y	N	Did you receive an advance premium for health insurance purchased through a Health Insurance Marketplace (Exchange)? If yes, attach Form 1095-A.
4) Y	N	Did you (or do you plan to before April 15, 2021) contribute to a traditional IRA or Roth IRA for 2020? (Tax Tip 2)
		Self: Traditional IRA \$ Roth I
5) Y	N	Did you convert a traditional IRA or roll a qualified plan distribution to a Roth IRA in 2020? If yes, amount converted/rolled over: \$
6) Y	N	Did you (or do you plan to before April 15, 2021) contribute to a health savings account (HSA) for 2020? (Tax Tip 3) Amount of contribution: (Do not list employer contributions, including amounts you elected to contribute under a cafeteria plan, shown on your Form W-2.)
		Self: \$ Spouse: \$ Type of health plan coverage: Self-only Family
7) Y	N	Did you receive any distributions from your health savings account (HSA)? Amount of distributions: \$ Amount of unreimbursed qualified medical expenses (attach list): \$
8) Y	N	Are you a grade K–12 teacher?
0,1		If yes, enter amount of out-of-pocket classroom costs you paid (Tax Tip 4): \$
9) Y	N	Did you pay child care costs for a dependent child under age 13, or costs of caring for a disabled dependent or spouse, so you could work, attend school, or look for a job? If yes, provide the amounts paid for each individual and the names, addresses, and taxpayer identification numbers of the care providers.
		Amount, if any, reimbursed by an employer dependent care plan (Tax Tip 5): \$
10) Y	N	Did you pay expenses related to adopting a child? If yes, provide details of any expenses incurred (attach list).
11) Y	N	Did you pay any individual \$2,200 or more to perform household services during the year, such as a babysitter, caretaker, housekeeper, cook, or gardener?
12) Y	N	Did you have any debts cancelled or reduced (including credit cards and student loans), property repossessed or foreclosed upon, or did you file for bankruptcy? (Tax Tip 6)
13) Y	N	Did you have a financial interest in, or signature authority over, a financial account (such as a bank or securities account) located in a foreign country at any time during 2020? A financial account is located in a foreign country if it is physically located outside of the U.S., including an account maintained with a branch of a U.S. bank that is physically located outside of the U.S.
		Y N If yes, did the aggregate value of all accounts located in a foreign country (other than accounts maintained on a U.S. military installation) exceed \$10,000 at any time during the year?
14) Y	N	Did you receive a distribution from, or were you the grantor of, or a transferor to, a foreign trust?
15) Y	N	Do you have financial accounts maintained by a foreign (non-U.S.) bank or financial institution that totaled more than \$50,000 on the last day of the year or more than \$75,000 at any time during the year (\$100,000 and \$150,000, respectively, if married filing a joint return)?
16) Y	N	Did you own any other foreign financial assets (such as stock in a foreign corporation or an interest in a foreign partnership) that are not held in a financial account?
17) T	S	Do you (T) [or your spouse (S)] want to designate \$3 to the Presidential Election Campaign Fund? (Does not change amount due or refund.) Leave blank if neither wishes to designate \$3.
18) Y	N	Do you want to allow your preparer or another individual to discuss your federal return with the IRS? Provide name, phone number, and personal identification number of individual if not preparer.
		Name: Phone Number: Identification Number:
19) Y	Ν	Have you (or your spouse) received an Identity Protection Personal Identification Number (IP PIN) from the IRS?
		If yes, enter six-digit code: Self: Spouse:
20) Y	N	Did you make gifts to a trust or gifts totaling more than \$15,000 to any individual during the year? If so, provide recipient's name, address, relationship to you, and the amount of the gift.
21) Y	N	Did you receive an economic stimulus payment during 2020? Amount \$
22) Y	N	Did you receive a Paycheck Protection Program loan for your Schedule C business?
		Amount \$ Amount forgiven \$

2 Quickfinder® 1040 Tax Organizer © 2020 Thomson Reuters

STEP 1 (Continued)

Check any of the boxes below that apply to you for 2020:

Purchased health insurance for yourself or a family member through the Health Insurance Marketplace (Exchange). [Attach Form 1095-A (Heath Insurance Marketplace Statement).]

Was granted stock options by your employer and/or exercised employer stock options.

Owned any securities or held any debts that became worthless during the year.

Contributed to or received distributions from an Archer Medical Savings Account (MSA).

Traveled more than 100 miles from home and stayed overnight to perform duties as a National Guard member or reservist.

Performed services in the performing arts for at least two employers.

Lived or worked in a foreign country.

Purchased the following new plug-in electric vehicle:

Was in the military (or reservist).

STEP 2

Children

Was an active-duty member of the military and moved pursuant to a military order and incident to a permanent change of station.

Received any notice from the IRS or a state taxing authority.

Contributed to or received distributions from an Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) account.

I can be claimed as a dependent on another person's tax return for 2020.

Please provide any other information related to your 2020 taxes not reported elsewhere on this Organizer:

Dependents (Tax Tip 7) (attach additional sheet, if necessary)

Age 18 or younger (age 19–23 if attending lived with you more than half the year and vertically disabled child).		0 Unearned				
Full Name	Date of Birth	SSN	•	e > \$1,100?		
Check if it is possible that a different taxpayer might claim a child listed above as a dependent.						
Check if you are divorced and either sig	ned or received Form	8332 (release of exe	mption for child).	(Provide Form 8	3332.)	
Other Dependents (relatives and/or members of household)	Relationship	Social Security Number	Is 2020 Gross Income less than \$4,300?	# Months Resided in Your Home in 2020	% Support Received From You	

STEP 3 Income					
Wages—Provide Forms W-2					
Number of employers (during the year): Self: Spouse:					
Divide	nd and Interest Income				
Provide all Forms 1099-INT, 1099-DIV, and 1099-OID. List interest and dividends not reported on Form 1099 on a separate sheet, but do not duplicate what's reported on the 1099s. Also, list any penalty on early withdrawal from savings.					
Installmen	t Sale Payments Received				
Total Payments \$	Is payer a relative or related party? Yes No				
Interest \$	If payer uses property as a principal residence, provide payer's:				
Principal \$	Name				
Did sale occur in 2020? Yes No	Address				
If yes, complete STEP 4.	SSN				

STEP 3 Income (Continued)					
Retirement Plan and Social Security Income					
1) Did you receive distributions from IRAs, SEPs, pensions, 401(k)s, or other retirement plans (including amounts rolled over and in-plan Roth rollovers)? If yes, provide all Forms 1099-R received. Enter amounts received but not reported on a Form 1099-R here	Yes No				
2) Amount of distribution rolled over to a qualified plan or traditional IRA (Tax Tip 8)					
3) Amount of distribution rolled over to a Roth IRA					
Amount of distribution rolled over to a Designated Roth Account					
5) Amount of distribution made directly to a qualified charity					
6) If you were under age 59½ when the distribution was received, do you qualify for an exception to the 10% penalty on early distributions? (Tax Tip 9)					
7) If age 70½ or older on December 31, 2019, did you take the 2020 required minimum distributions from your IRAs (other than Roth IRAs) and qualified retirement plans?	Self: Yes No Spouse: Yes No				
8) Did you recontribute any of your 2020 required minimum distributions to your IRAs and quali-					
fied retirement plans?	Self: Yes No				
	Spouse: Yes No				
9) Did you receive social security or railroad retirement benefits? If yes, provide all Forms SSA-1099 or RRB-1099 received.	Yes No				
Partnerships, Estates, Trusts, and S Corporation	ons				
Provide a list of all the partnerships and S corporations in which you own an interest and all trus Indicate on the list whether you materially participated in that entity's trade or business in 2020 (Ta. not engaged in a trade or business (for example, an entity whose only activity is ownership of rent such as stocks and bonds). Provide all Schedules K-1 received for the tax year. See also Tax Tip	x Tip 10). Write "N/A" if the entity is al real estate or investment assets				
Other Income—Provide Forms 1098 and 1099)				
Bartering Income	 \$				
Bonuses and Prizes not reported on Form W-2 (Explain)					
Cancellation of Debt (Form 1099-A or 1099-C) (Tax Tip 6)					
Commissions and Fees (Not reported in STEP 5)					
Disability Income not included on Form W-2 (taxable)					
Education Savings Account or Qualified Tuition (529) Plan Withdrawals (Form 1099-Q)					
Gambling/Lottery Winnings (Form W-2G)					
Jury Duty—Election Board Fees					
Scholarships (Form 1098-T)					
State Income Tax Refund (Form 1099-G)					
Tips and Gratuities not reported on Form W-2 (Tax Tip 11)					
Unemployment Compensation (Form 1099-G)					
Veterans' Pension and Disability					
Workers' Compensation					
Other (attach separate sheets if necessary)					
Other (attach separate sheets in necessary)					
STEP 4 Sales and Exchanges					
Provide information about sales of stock, real estate, or other property along with Forms 1099-B, 1	1000 S. alasing statement, or other				
supporting information. Attach separate sheet if necessary. If all transactions, including basis, a provide, there is no need to complete the following. If your principal residence was sold, see STE	re reported on Forms 1099-B you				
Asset #1 Asset #2	Asset #3				
Description of Property					
Date Acquired					
Date Sold					
Sales Price	\$				
	_ ⁴				
Basis (Tax Tip 12 and Tax Tip 13)	_				
Expenses of Sale					

STEP 5

Business Activity/Product: _

Business Name:

Self-Employment Income (See also STEP 7, STEP 8, and STEP 9)

If more than one farm activity or business, list income and expenses separately for each. Also include any single-member limited liability companies (LLCs). See Tax Tip 20.

Did you begin or end the business in 2020? Begin End				
Gross Receipts (provide all Forms 1099-MISC, 1099-NEC, and 109	9-K)¹		\$	
Inventory—Beginning of Year			\$	
Merchandise Purchases (less Product for Personal Use)				
Labor, Materials, and Other Costs of Inventory				
Inventory—End of Year				
Did you make any payments requiring Forms 1099 be filed? ^{1,2}			Yes No	
If Yes, did you file Forms 1099?			Yes No	
¹ Virtual currency receipts or payments must be reported.				
² Generally, payments of \$600 or more made to individuals and no reported. Common examples are payments for non-employee con			of a trade or bus	siness must be
STEP 6 Rental and Royalty Income				
Physical Address (Street, City, State, Zip Code)	Тур	Rent/Royalty Received	Fair Rental Days	Personal Use Days
		\$	-	
Did you make any payments requiring Forms 1099 be filed?			Yes No	
If Yes, did you file Forms 1099?			Yes No	
Were 250 or more hours spent on rental services for each rental ac	tivity listed	?	Yes No	
 1 1—Single family residence; 2—Multi-family residence; 3—Vaca 7—Self-rental; 8—Other (describe). 	<u>-</u>			; 6—Royalties;
STEP 7 Business Travel and Meal Ex	penses			
Travel expenses are deductible if you traveled away from home over deductible (subject to limits), provided you have records showing data				
Use Correct Co	olumn 🎏	Self-Employed	Renta	al Activity
Travel:				
Airplane, Train, Taxi, Auto Rental		\$	\$	
Meals (See tip C under Self-Employed Tax Tips)			_	
Lodging			_	
Telephone/Internet Connection			_	
Cleaning and Laundry			_	
Baggage and Shipping			_	
Other:			_	

Meals Not Associated With Travel

STEP 8	Self-Employment and Ren	tal Expenses		
Do you qualify for busines	ss use of home deductions?	If yes, attach list of e	expenses related to home	. Do not duplicate below.
Yes No		Business sq. ft.		
(See tip B under Self-Em	ployed Tax Tips.)	Total sq. ft.		
		Part of home used for	or business:	-
	Use C	orrect Column 🎏	Self-Employed ¹	Rental ¹
Advertising			\$	\$
Cleaning and Maintenand	ce			
Commissions and Fees F	Paid			
Contract Labor				
Employee Benefit Progra	ms (include health insurance for emplo	yees)		
Insurance (not including I	nealth)			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Form 1098)			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	est			
	ees			
•				
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
•				
•	lan Contributions Made for Employees			
	achinery, and Equipment			
	ness Property			
	€			
•				
• •				
	list)			
	ess or rental property, provide informati			
	t purchases or sales. Provide a sepa Include copies of sales receipts or cor		dates of purchase or sal	e, purchase/sales price,
STEP 9	Health Insurance and Reti	rement Plans f	for the Self-Emplo	oyed
	l: Health \$		7, as well as Medicare pi	
Contributions made to yo See Tip D under Self-El	ur SEP, SIMPLE, or qualified retiremer mployed Tax Tips.	t plan for 2020.	\$	
	Self-Emplo	oyed Tax Tips		

- A) **Business Assets.** Special rules apply that allow the cost of certain business assets (for example, furniture and equipment) purchased and placed in service in 2020 to be fully deducted. See Tax Tip 18 and Tax Tip 19.
- B) **Business Use of Home Deduction.** If an area of the home is used regularly and exclusively for business, a deduction for a portion of mortgage interest, taxes, insurance, other operating costs, and depreciation may be allowed. Special rules apply for inventory storage and daycare. Ask for details.
- C) **Per Diem Meal Rates.** In lieu of using actual expenses incurred for meals and incidental expenses while travelling, self-employed individuals may deduct IRS-approved per diem amounts. The amounts depend on location. Provide detailed list of dates and locations of business travel.
- D) **Self-Employed Retirement Plans.** Many retirement plans (funded with pre-tax dollars) are available to self-employed business owners. The deadlines for establishing and contributing to a retirement plan vary. If you have employees, matching contributions may be required.
- E) **Small Employer Health Insurance Credit.** A credit is available to qualified small employers that pay health insurance premiums for employees. Premiums paid for the business owner and his family members don't qualify. Ask us for details.

6 Quickfinder® 1040 Tax Organizer © 2020 Thomson Reuters

STEP 10 Vehicle Expense

- Commuting between your home and regular work location is not deductible.
- Commuting expenses for going between your home and a temporary work location *outside* the metropolitan area where you live and normally work are deductible. Travel expenses between your home and a temporary work location *within* your metropolitan area are not deductible unless either of the following tests are met:
 - 1) You have one or more regular work locations away from your home or
 - 2) Your home is your principal place of business.
- There are two methods to determine the deduction for vehicles used for business: (1) actual expenses or (2) standard mileage rate (for 2020, 57.5¢ per mile).
- For each vehicle used for business, complete lines 1–6. If you know that you use standard mileage allowance, ignore lines 7–13. If you purchased a vehicle this year and *do not* use standard mileage allowance, provide a copy of the sales invoice.

1) Total miles driven this year: Business	\$Yes No	\$ Yes No
Other Personal	_ -	, ————————————————————————————————————
2) Vehicle Description	_ -	, ————————————————————————————————————
3) Date Vehicle Was First Used for Business	_ -	, ————————————————————————————————————
4) Cost (cash paid, net of any trade allowance) \$ Was a car traded in? Yes No or Lease Payments (for the year)	_ -	, ————————————————————————————————————
Was a car traded in?	_ -	, ————————————————————————————————————
or Lease Payments (for the year)	Yes No	Yes No
	_	
5) Interest Paid on Vehicle Loan (Self-Employed Only)		<u> </u>
1	_	
6) Parking and Tolls	_	
7) Gasoline, Oil, Lubrication	_	
8) Repairs, Maintenance, Car Washes	_	
9) Tires and Supplies	_	
10) Insurance	_	
11) Tags and Licenses	_	
12) Garage Rent		
13) Other:	_	
14) Sold in 2020?	Yes No	Yes No
If yes, date sold	_	
15) If yes, provide sales price and any trade information	_	

Questions for All Taxpayers Claiming Vehicle Expenses:

1) Do you have evidence to support business use?	Yes	No
2) If yes, is the evidence written?	Yes	No
3) Do you (or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use?	Yes	No

Recordkeeping: Your vehicle expenses will not be allowed by the IRS without adequate records or sufficient evidence verifying business use. Daily records provide the best protection in case of an audit.

© 2020 Thomson Reuters

STEP 11	Education Expenses (A	Atta	ach Forms 10	098-E, 10	098	8-T, and 10)99-Q))			
Include	e information about education expe	ens	es incurred fo	r you, yo	our	spouse, o	r your	deper	nde	nts.	
1) Student's Name 2) If in college, was student least one academi 3) Felony Conviction? 4) Educational Purpose 5) Name of Institution 6) Total Amount Paid (a (See Tax Tip 14) 7) Paid By Whom? 8) Student's Grade or Y	dent enrolled at least half-time for c period beginning in 2020? (degree seeking, job related) ttach detailed list of expenses) fear in College	\$.	Yes N Yes N	lo lo	\$	Yes Yes	No No		\$ -	Yes Yes	No No
STEP 12	Itemized Deductions										
	you think your total itemized deducti	ons	s might exceed	the IRS	sta	ndard dedu	uction f	or you	ır filiı	ng status	(see below).
	· · · · ·		ndard Ded					,		9	(
Filing Status				S	tar	ndard uction				for Blin	
Married Filing Jointly or	Qualifying Widow(er)			\$	24	4,800	_		\$	1,300	
Single					12	2,400	т			1,650	
Head of Household					18	8,650				1,650	
Married Filing Separate	y				12	2,400				1,300	
Did your spouse itemize	e deductions on a separate return (or a	are you a dua	ıl-status	alie	en)?		Yes		No	
		dic	al Expens	ses							
Note: Do not include an	nounts paid for or reimbursed by ir								ore-	tax incon	ne.
Did you pay medical exp	penses for a person you cannot cla	aim	as a depende	ent? Yes		No	If (unsur	e, a	sk your ta	ax preparer.
but not for disability o Medicare Insurance Pre Long-Term Care Insurar Prescribed Drugs and Ir Doctors and Clinics Dentists and Orthodonti Glasses, Contact Lense Hospitals, Nurses, Ambi Nursing or Long-Term C Other (please detail):	ums¹ (include premiums for vision r loss of income policies)	······································					Above	\$			
	2020							-			
Parking Fees								l _			

8 Quickfinder® 1040 Tax Organizer © 2020 Thomson Reuters

Lodging While Obtaining Medical Treatment Limited to \$50 per night, per person.....

¹ Do not include any premiums included in STEP 9 (if self-employed).

STEP 12 Itemized Deductions (Continued)		
Taxes		
Note: In 2020, the deduction for state and local taxes is limited to \$10,000 taxes are not deductible.	(\$5,000 if married filing sep	parate) and foreign real estate
State and Local Income Taxes Paid in 2020 (include 2020 estimated tax pa paid with 2019 return)		\$
State and Local Sales Tax Paid for Major Purchases (motor vehicles, boats homes, or home building materials, if rate same as general sales tax rate		
Foreign Taxes (other than foreign real estate taxes)		
Real Estate Taxes—Homestead (less special assessments)		
Other Real Estate Taxes (second home, cabin, etc. but not foreign real estate	te taxes)	
Property Tax Refund		
Special Assessments—Interest Portion Only		
Personal Property Taxes (auto license tags, etc.)		
Charitable Donations (Use sepa	arate sheet if needed.)	
Note: Monetary donations under \$250 each must be substantiated by either written receipt from the charity showing its name and the date and amount taxpayer must obtain a written acknowledgment from the charity. (See Tax	of the donation. For each of	
Cash, Check, or Credit Card (include payroll deductions):		
Churches or Synagogues		\$
Other:		
Other:		
Other:	- ·····	
Noncash: Fair Market Value (FMV) of Items Given to Charities Attach list of each item (or group of similar items) and its FMV (Tax Tip 17)		
If a vehicle, boat, or airplane donation over \$500, provide Form 1098-C.		
Out-of-Pocket Expenses for Charitable Work		
Charitable Miles: Miles x 14¢ =		
Other:		
Miscellaneous Exp	enses	
Note: In 2020, miscellaneous itemized deductions (for example, unreimburgenerally are no longer deductible.	sed employee business exp	enses, investment expenses)
Gambling Losses. Limited to Total Gambling Winnings Listed in STEP 3		\$
If Disabled, Impairment-Related Work Expenses		
Casualty Los	3	
Casualty, Disaster, and Theft Losses. Provide details. (Tax Tip 21)		
Interest Paid (Provide F	orms 1098)	
	Primary Residence	Second Home (Tax Tip 22)
Home Mortgage (If seller-financed, provide seller's name/address/SSN)	\$	\$
Home Equity Loan. Loan Proceeds Used for:		
Loan Points not Reported on Form 1099-INT (Tax Tip 23)		
Investment Interest Paid\$		

© 2020 Thomson Reuters Quickfinder® 1040 Tax Organizer 9

5	STEP 1	3	Princi	pal Residence (attach any 2020 closing statements)		
Yes	Yes No Did you sell your principal residence in 2020? If yes (Tax Tip 24):					
		Yes	No	Did you own and use it as a principal residence for at least two of five years before the sale?		
		Yes	No	Did you sell a previous residence within two years before the sale date and exclude any gain?		
		Yes	No	After 2008, was the property ever used for anything other than as a principal residence (for example, as a vacation home or rental property)?		
Yes	No	Did you purchase a residence in 2020?				
Yes	No	Did you refinance your mortgage or take out a home equity loan in 2020?				
	Amount of proceeds used for something other than acquiring or improving your home: \$					
Yes	No	Did you purchase any energy-efficient improvements such as qualified solar electric, water heating, fuel cell, small wind energy, or geothermal heat pump property?				
Yes	No	Did you receive a first-time homebuyer credit for a home purchased in 2008?				
		If yes, enter the amount of the credit: \$				

STEP 14	2020 Estimated	d Tax Payments ¹				
		Federal	Date Paid	State	Date Paid	
Amount applied from 2019 overpayment, if any:		\$		\$		
First Quarter Payment Made						
Second Quarter Paymen	t Made					
Third Quarter Payment N	Made					
Fourth Quarter Payment Made						
¹ Do not include withhold	ing from Forms W-2 or 1	099 in estimated tax	x payments listed her	·e.		

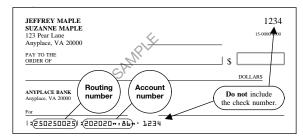
STEP 15 Tax Refund—Direct Deposit Information

If you receive a 2020 federal tax refund, the refund can be routed to up to three of your checking or savings accounts. (Tax refunds may also be directly deposited to your IRA, Health Savings Account, Archer MSA, Education Savings Account, or Treasury Direct Account, or used to buy up to \$5,000 in series I savings bonds.) If you prefer a direct deposit, please complete the following information. Otherwise a refund check will be mailed to you at the address on your tax return.

Type of Account (Checking, Savings, IRA, etc.)	Routing Number (Nine digits)	Account Number	Percent of Refund

Sample check:

Note: The routing and account numbers may be in different places on your check.



Privacy Policy:

We collect nonpublic information about you from the following sources:

- 1) Information we receive from you on applications, tax organizers, worksheets, and other forms;
- 2) Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates, or others;
- 3) Information we receive from a consumer reporting agency.

We do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about our customers or former customers to anyone, except as required by law.

We restrict access to nonpublic personal information about you to those members of our firm who need to know that information in order to provide services to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards that comply with federal regulations to guard your nonpublic personal information.

Tax Tips

- 1) Payments that meet specific requirements may be treated as alimony for tax, regardless of how they are described in a divorce decree. One of the requirements is that the payments end upon the recipient's death. So, payments for maintenance or spousal support may be considered alimony for tax. Alimony with respect to divorce decrees executed after 2018 does not have any tax consequences; it is neither deductible by the payor nor taxable to the payee. Ask us for details.
- 2) IRA contributions are limited to the lesser of \$6,000 (\$7,000 if age 50 or older at year-end) or compensation. If you (and your spouse) are not covered by an employer retirement plan, traditional IRA contributions are fully deductible. If you or your spouse are covered by an employer retirement plan, the deduction is phased out at higher income levels. Roth IRA contributions are not deductible and regardless of whether you are covered by an employer retirement plan, they phase out at certain income levels. If only one spouse has compensation, a spousal IRA can be set up for the nonworking spouse. Each spouse (working and nonworking) can contribute up to \$6,000 (\$7,000 if age 50 or older) provided the working spouse's compensation is at least equal to the IRA contributions.
- 3) Individuals covered only by a high deductible health plan (for 2020, deductible of at least \$1,400 for individual coverage and \$2,800 for family coverage) can make deductible (subject to limits) HSA contributions.
- 4) Grade K-12 teachers may be able to deduct amounts paid for books, supplies (other than nonathletic supplies for health and PE courses), computer software, and other equipment and materials used in the classroom as well as certain expenses for professional development courses.
- 5) The child and dependent care credit is generally available to married taxpayers only if both spouses have earned income, unless a spouse is a full-time student or disabled.
- 6) Cancellation of debt (COD) generally results in taxable income. However, exceptions are available for bankrupt and insolvent taxpayers as well as for cancellations or reductions of student loans, farm-related loans, and loans related to business real property.
- 7) A person who files a joint return (other than a return filed solely to claim a refund) cannot be claimed as a dependent. Also, special rules apply to children of divorced parents.
- 8) To be tax free, IRA and qualified plan distributions generally must be rolled over to another traditional IRA or qualified plan within 60 days. Also, for IRAs, there is a one-year waiting period between tax-free rollovers.
- 9) IRA (but not qualified plan) withdrawals before age 591/2 are not subject to the 10% penalty if the funds are used for (a) otherwise deductible medical expenses, (b) certain higher educational expenses, (c) a first-time home purchase for distributions up to \$10,000, or (d) medical insurance by certain unemployed individuals. Other exceptions may apply to IRA and qualified plan withdrawals.
- 10) Material participation in a trade or business generally means the taxpayer spends more than 500 hours participating in the activity during the year. However, the test can also be met in other situations, such as when the taxpayer is the only one who substantially participates in the activity or spends more than 100 hours participating and no one else spends more time.
- 11) If "allocated tips" are listed on year-end Form W-2, the amount will be subject to both social security and income tax unless records (tip log) verify that a lesser amount was actually received.
- 12) Improvement costs may reduce taxable gain upon sale of property. Keep records of improvement costs made to all real property at least four years after the property is sold.

- 13) If stock or mutual fund dividends are automatically reinvested instead of received in cash, these reinvestments increase cost basis, and reduce gain or increase loss upon sale.
- 14) Tax benefits such as a credit or income exclusion for interest on certain U.S. savings bonds may be available for certain education expenses. Benefits may be phased out at certain income levels. List the following expenses: (a) tuition and required fees; (b) books, supplies, and equipment required for attendance; (c) computer equipment and internet access; (d) room and board (if at least half-time attendance); and (e) student loan interest.
- 15) Qualified long-term care insurance premiums are deductible subject to age and annual dollar limits.
- 16) Charitable contributions of \$250 or more in any one day to any one organization must have written acknowledgment from the organization. The acknowledgment must state whether or not any goods or services were received in exchange for the donation. You may qualify to take a charitable contribution deduction of up to \$300 even if you don't itemize your deductions.
- 17) When making contributions of used furniture, appliances, and clothing to nonprofit organizations, attach a record of the items donated to the receipt for proof of this deductible contribution. Contributions must be in good or better condition to be deductible.
- 18) 100% bonus depreciation is generally allowed on new and used qualified business property acquired and placed in service in 2020. Qualified business property includes such property as office furniture, computers, machinery, and equipment. Limits apply to certain automobiles, trucks, and SUVs.
- 19) The Section 179 business property expensing allowance is \$1.04 million (for 2020) and includes tangible personal property and off-the-shelf computer software. Limits apply to certain automobiles, trucks, and SUVs.
- 20) In 2020, self-employed individuals and owners of passthrough interests in business activities generally may deduct 20% of their qualified business income, as well as 20% of aggregate qualified REIT dividends and qualified publiclytraded partnership income. Joint filers with taxable income of \$326,600 or more (\$163,300 for all other filers) are subject to special rules.
- 21) Generally, in 2020, a net loss due to a casualty (such as flood, fire, theft, etc.) must be attributable to a federally declared disaster to be deductible to the extent it exceeds 10% of your AGI.
- 22) A home can be a house, condominium, cooperative, mobile home, boat, or similar property. It must provide basic living accommodations including sleeping space, toilet, and cooking facilities.
- 23) Loan origination fees (points) paid on a loan to buy or build a principal residence are generally deductible as interest in the year paid. Points paid on refinancing an existing mortgage or on a loan to purchase or improve a second home must be deducted (amortized) over the life of the loan. Exception: If part of the proceeds were used to improve your main home, points related to the improvements may be deducted in the year paid.
- 24) You can exclude up to \$250,000 (\$500,000 if married and filing jointly or certain surviving spouses) of the gain on a sale of a principal residence if you owned and occupied the residence for two out of the five years before the date of sale. If the home was used other than as your principal residence any time after 2008, some of the gain may be taxable.
- 25) Keep receipts supporting tax deductions at least four years.